"Negrophobia in Greene County, Ohio," Cadiz (OH) Sentinel, August 11, 1858 https://stampedes.dickinson.edu/document/cadiz-oh-sentinel-negrophobia-greene-county-ohioaugust-11-1858

Negrophobia in Greene County,

Ohio. The Torch Light, a strong republican paper of Xema, Greene county, Chio, in its issue of July 28, had a leader on what the Elitor is pleased to term Negrophobia, a disease that has lately made its appearance in that region. That our readers may have some idea of the cause of the disease, which it scems is now affecting all classes of the white community of one of our populous counties, we will transcribe from the Torch Light:

"Something has been said on the streets about the origin of this dark streak of luck which has befallen Greene county, but in our opinion no one has placed the responsibility where it rightfully belongs. Until the purchase of Tawawa and the opening of Wilberfirce University, it was seldom that a family of negroes from the South found their way into Greene County, but with the opening of that institution and the spreading abroad of the information that here was to be found a school which offered the opportunity of an education to the colored population, with all the prestige of a collegiate course and degrees, commenced the settlement of blacks in the country around that immediate locality. Those who first came induced, by their representatians, others to come, and finally the attention of the slave holder was called to the fact that here was furnished the field, not only to educate his half-breed children, but to locate them where they would be likely to find society of their own color and grade. This was the germ from which has sprang the whole evil which just now makes the 'nine day's wonder' of the town. We do not question the philanthropic motives of those who originated this institution and have thus far sustained it; nor do we question the propriety of endeavoring by education to elevate the black man, but we do say that the outside results of that experiment have not been pleasant to the SUPERIOR race among which it has been the sole originating cause of planting numerous families of an infe-rior race."

So much on the cause of what the *Ibrch Light* is pleased to term the Negrophobia, now rife in the old Republican County of Greene.

Doctors after settling the cause of diseases, we believe, next go to work to ascertain what they call the *Pathology*, or exact nature of the disease—in other words what organ or tissue is affected. The *Doch Light* has given the cause as we have no doubt, rightly enough; now we will hear him on the Pathology or nature of the trouble.

"This unpleasantness" (alluling to the presence of the Wilberforce University, for the education of nogroes) "may be set down to the score of PuzDJUDICE or whatever else the realer pleases to call it; but it exists, always has existed, will exist, irradically and fixed. It is in the mind of the white child, with his first idea and first look into the face of the black manit lives through his whole life, and dies only when he dies."

Doctors have told us that causes of disease may be ascertained and the exact nature of the disease appreciated, but it is not always easy to find a remedy. Here is the rule. Many a poor fellow has lost his life when the wits of the doctor got strands I on this shoal. Let us hear from the Tarch Light agam. He seems to have had good service from his philosophy in divining cruses, pathology, &c. Let us see if he is equally happy in his wits at remedies. The disease we would remind the reader is Negrophobia, it was preduced as the Torch Light says by getting up a college in the county for the education of negroes, which had caused a general stampede of negroes to the county; its nature is an ineradicable prejudice on the part of the superior to the inferior race, "that always has existed and always will exist." Here is what the Torch Light has to propose then in the way of a remedy:

"Mon swear about them, (the negroes) and then seil to them—talk about a "rained community," and then trade with them and seek their trade. Now let us stop the traffic, and thus put an end to the influx, or stop the talk and hide the inconsistency. We prefer the former.

How is this? It strikes us as rather a severe kind of remedy. The Torch Light has for years been feeding the negroes with sugar plumbs, has been expitiating earnestly on negro rights and the propriety of enfranchising the negro and placing him on an equality with the whites; has taken lately an active part in an attempt to cbstruct the operations of a National law for the recovery of fugitive slaves; has given countenance and support to the feeling by which an educational institution for the negro has been located in the neighborhood of Xenia, and from which circumstance large numbers of this population have been induced to go there and purchase property, with the intention of making it their permanent homes. We inquire again, how is that with such antecedents, the Torch Light could find it in his heart to propose starv dion of the whole African population as a remedy for the Negrophob a that now prevails among the white race?

This case looks to us like a pretty fair experiment with the negroes. Here in Greene County, they have been in the "hands of their triends." The negro here has been caressed, and schools and all other facilities provided for him, in the expectation that he could be elevated to an equality with the whites. But all at once Negrophobia breaks out among the whites. It is discovered that a "preljudice" exists, ineradicable in its nature. And that what was once once one of the finest communities in the West, is about to be ruined by the presence of an overstock of negroes. Tempora mutanter.— Statesman.

Slave Stampedes on the Southern Borderlands National Park Service Network to Freedom / House Divided Project at Dickinson College